



NEW LONDON POLICE DEPARTMENT

**LAW ENFORCEMENT SAFETY ACT of 2004
TITLE 18 USC 926(C)**

**RETIRED OFFICER APPLICATION AND
INFORMATION PACKET**

Contents:

- 1. Instructions; Procedures; Qualifications**
- 2. Release from Liability Background Information**
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- 5. Copy of Title 18 USC 926(C)**
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INSTRUCTIONS

Any New London Police Officer Retiree or those separated from service who qualify for applying to carry a concealed firearm under authorization of the Law Enforcement Safety Act of 2004 Title 18 USC 926(C) will be required to complete the following application, as well as abide by all applicable sections of Title 18 USC 926(C), State laws and New London Police Policies.

Procedure

Retired/Separated officers who wish to receive documentation to meet the requirements of Title 18 USC 926(C) must follow the following procedure:

- 1) Review all requirements of Title 18 USC 926(C) and Connecticut General Statutes to ensure the applicant is eligible to carry a concealed firearm under the terms of the Connecticut General Statutes and Federal Law.
- 2) Review and understand the procedures, qualifications and restrictions needed to qualify under the Law Enforcement Safety Act (H.R. 218) Policy for Retiree/Separated from Service Qualification.
- 3) Complete, sign and have notarized all the forms included in the packet.
- 4) Bring the completed application packet to the New London Police Department and present it to the Support Services Division Commander who will verify that the applicant meets the requirements set forth in H.R. 218.

Requirement Standards

- 1) The Officer shall have retired/separated in good standing from service as a law enforcement officer for the New London Police Department, other than for reasons of mental instability.
 - a. The term “in good standing” means, at the time of retirement, the officer was not facing disciplinary action that could have resulted in his or her termination for misconduct or unfitness for office.
 - b. The term “mental instability” means that the officer either was medically separated for mental instability or, at the time of a years-of-service or disability retirement, the officer was facing removal for reasons of mental instability.
- 2) The Officer shall have an aggregate of at least **ten years** of consecutive service as an active law enforcement officer or have retired from service after completing a probationary period, due to a service-connected disability, as determined by the New London Police Department.

- 3) The Officer shall have separated from active service or retired from the New London Police Department.
- 4) The Officer shall have successfully passed an annual background check indicating that he or she is not prohibited by Federal or State of Connecticut law from receiving or possessing a firearm.
- 5) The Officer shall not be under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- 6) The Officer shall have, during the most recent twelve-month period, successfully passed the standards for training and qualification for active law enforcement officers to carry firearms in the State of Connecticut.
 - a. In the case of retired officers who have failed to pass this state's standards for training and qualification for active law enforcement officers to carry firearms, the identification card will clearly state that the person has NOT qualified to carry a concealed weapon as a qualified retired law enforcement officer.

Qualification

1. The Commander of the Support Services Division or designee will schedule at least **ONE** period each year for retired/separated officers to qualify. Range times for the retired qualifications will be announced on the agency website.
2. Qualified retired/separated officers will be allowed to qualify as time and scheduling permits.

Retired/Separated officers:

- a. Must bring their own handgun(s), either a revolver or a semi-automatic capable of being loaded with 5 or more rounds.
 - b. Must bring 120 rounds of factory issued lead-free ammunition for the weapon for qualification.
 - c. Must bring their own cleaning supplies.
 - d. Must have a safe and secure holster.
 - e. All handguns and holsters must pass inspection by New London Firearms Instructor.
1. The minimum qualifying score is 48 out of 60 rounds in the designated target area, consistent with Connecticut General Statutes and POST standards.
 2. If the Retired/Separated officer intends to carry **more than one** firearm under LEOSA then they must qualify **separately** with each firearm.
 3. Due to range scheduling and manpower demands the department will restrict the number of firearms that a Retired/Separated officer can qualify with to **only two** during

the date of qualification. If the retired/separated officer wishes to qualify with **more** than **two** firearms then that request will be restricted based upon:

- a). The number of persons who are scheduled to qualify on that date;
 - b). The availability of the Waterford Firing Range (range time is only available from 9:00 am to 2:00 pm on April 30th and May 1st);
 - c). The availability of a firearms instructor from the New London Police Department;
 - d). The scheduling and manpower needs of the New London Police Department.
4. If the retiree/separated from service officer declares that they need to qualify with **more** than **two** firearms, then that retiree/separated will be responsible for all financial obligations (to include ammo; targets; cardboard; cleaning supplies; and New London firearms instructor overtime salary to be in attendance at the range).
 5. The New London Police Support Services Division shall keep a database of qualified Retired/separated officers, qualification dates, qualification course of fire, qualification score, and the type and serial number of the firearms used to qualify.
 6. Qualified retired/separated officers will be required to sign a waiver of liability with the New London Police Department for all acts taken related to carrying a concealed firearm, acknowledging their personal responsibility as a private person for all acts taken when carrying a concealed firearm as permitted by the Act and not as an employee or former employee of the New London Police Department. Such disclaimer shall also release the New London Police Department, City of New London or any of their agents from any claim or action at law resulting from any injury or accident during the described firearms qualification activities.

Qualification

1. The course of fire will be a sixty (60) rounds fired from varying distances to be determined by the Firearms Instructor in accordance with the Connecticut General Statutes and POST standards.
2. All qualifications will be performed at the Waterford Police Department Firing Range.
3. The Waterford Police Department Firing Range is a non-lead firing range (all ammunition must be either lead free or frangible).
4. The retired/separated officer must bring their own personal safety equipment and gun cleaning supplies.

Course for Qualification:

18 Yard Line: 5 Rounds Standing

15 Yard Line: 5 Rounds Standing

12 Yard Line: 10 Rounds Standing

10 Yard Line: 10 Rounds Standing

At this point **30** Rounds have been fired. Instructors will check targets and tabulate a progressive score.

7 Yard Line: 5 Rounds Standing

7 Yard Line: 5 Rounds Standing

7 Yard Line: 5 Rounds Standing

5 Yard Line: 5 Rounds Standing

5 Yard Line: 3 Rounds Standing

5 Yard Line: 2 Rounds Standing

3 Yard Line: 5 Rounds Standing

Failure to Qualify and Remedial Training

1. Any qualified retiree/separated officer who fail to qualify will be given the option of basic remedial training and given **one** additional attempt as soon as practicable after the failed attempt.
2. If the qualified retiree/separated officer **fails to qualify** on the **second** attempt, the Firearms Instructor or designee will:
 - a. Notify the retired/separated officer of the failure.
 - b. Complete a memorandum outlining the retiree/separated name, the course of fire, the firearm type, the score received on each attempt, and any remediation given.
 - c. Recommend that the retired/separated officer seek additional or alternative remedial training if appropriate.
 - d. Consideration for any future qualification attempt should be outlined within the Firearms Instructor's memorandum – specifically outlining any problems observed in attempts to qualify and remedial training.
3. No retired/separated officer who fails **two** attempts to qualify will be afforded further attempts to qualify unless there is a high probability for remedial success as determined by the Support Services Division Commander and the New London Firearms Instructor.
4. The qualified retired/separated officer may request in writing with the Support Services Division Commander an opportunity to qualify at a **later date**.

- a. In the letter the retired/separated officer will describe the corrective actions that the retired officer has taken for a third attempt at qualification.
- b. Arrangements for a third attempt at qualification will be based upon the availability of the Waterford Firing Range; the manpower needs of the New London Police Department; and the availability of a POST qualified Firearms Instructor from the New London Police Department.
- c. The arraignment of a separate date for any attempts at a third qualification for the Retired/Separated officer will only be scheduled if it does not impact on the normal operations of the New London Police Department.
- d. The Retired/Separated officer will incur any added financial expenses for the Equipment (ammunition; targets to include cardboard backing; protective gear; cleaning supplies) and manpower wages (if there are costs to have a New London POST certified Firearms Instructor either in an overtime capacity for four hours at the allotted overtime rate or if it necessary to hire an officer to fill in for four hours at the allotted overtime rate for the Firearms Instructor).

Restrictions

1. The Firearms Instructor or designee's determination will be final as to all issues of safety and equipment. Any weapon, holster, ammunition, or related equipment found unsafe for qualification and carry will be prohibited on the Waterford Police Department Firing Range.
2. The Law Enforcement Officers Act does not authorize the retired/separated officer to:
 - a. Carry a machine gun, silencer, or other destructive device.
 - b. Act in the capacity of a law enforcement officer of the New London Police Department.
 - c. Carry a firearm on any government property, installation, facility, building, base or park with laws or regulations prohibiting or restricting the carrying of firearms (such as airport boarding areas, courthouses, etc.).
 - d. Carry a firearm on any other public or privately owned property, facility, building or area, where the carrying of firearms is prohibited or restricted (such as private schools, commercial aircraft, etc.).

Identification Cards

1. Only those officers who have successfully qualified on the firearms course and have turned in to the New London Police Support Services Division Commander all completed paperwork that has been correctly signed and notarized will be issued an ID card.
2. No card will be issued unless the paperwork has been completed properly, turned in to the Support Services Division Commander and reviewed.

3. Ten (10) days from the original qualification date, the New London Police Firearms Instructor will submit all firearms scores; any memorandums; and any suggestions for Remedial training (to those individuals who fail to qualify) to the New London Police Department Support Services Division Commander.
4. The completed forms will be turned over to the Chief of Police for the New London Police Department for a signature of approval.
5. All forms approved by the Chief of Police will be turned over to the Personnel Office for the City of New London for photo identification cards.
6. It will be the responsibility of the qualified/separated from service officer to make arrangements to have a picture photo taken at the New London Police Department.
7. Picture photos of the retiree/separated from service officer, will be taken each year. No photos from previous years or any photos submitted by the retiree/separated officer will be acceptable.
8. At least thirty (30) days from the original qualification date and prior to the expiration date on the previous year's identification card, a new card will be issued to those persons (retiree/separated from service) who meet all the criteria and who have qualified with a firearm.
9. The firearms identification card is the property of the New London Police Department.
 - a) The retiree/separated from service officer shall immediately notify the Support Services Division Commander if the ID card is lost or damaged.
 - b) The retiree/separated from service officer shall immediately notify the Support Services Division Commander if (under Federal or State of Connecticut Law) they become ineligible to possess, or carry a firearm and at such time must return the firearms ID card to the New London Police Department.
 - c) The retiree/separated from service officer shall immediately notify the Support Services Division Commander if that officer wishes to change the make; model; serial number; or caliber of the firearm to be carried under the LEOSA Act.



New London Police Department Retired/Separated Police Officer Firearms Application

Retiree/Separated
Name: _____

Residential Address: _____

Mailing Address: _____

Date of Birth: _____ Date Retirement/Separation: _____

I hereby request that the Chief of Police grant me firearms qualification for Retired/Separated Officers under LEOSA (Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act) for concealed carry of the following type of handgun:

SEMI-- AUTO PISTOL

REVOLVER

Make: _____ Model: _____

Serial #: _____ Caliber: _____

I understand that must re-qualify every year. It is my responsibility to contact the Support Services Division Commander of the New London Police Department prior to my expiration date to arrange for re-qualification.

I understand that I am not a law enforcement officer and have no police powers.

I understand that I am not an agent of the City of New London nor the New London Police Department.

I understand that I am a private citizen and must adhere to the statutes of whatever state I carry my firearm.

I understand the Connecticut General Statutes relating to civilian use of force, and I have been provided with a copy of said statutes (Included in last pages of this application).

Retired/Separated Officers Signature: _____ Date: _____

Reviewing Officer Signature: _____ Date: _____



**RELEASE FROM LIABILITY
FOR PROVIDING BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

Name: _____

Address: _____

Street Address

City, State Zip Code

I, the undersigned, have applied for Firearms qualification for Concealed Carry of a Firearm. I have been advised and I am fully aware that a thorough and complete investigation of my background will be conducted to determine my suitability for carrying a firearm.

Information to be disclosed may include, but is not limited to, medical records, mental health records, financial records, criminal history records, information obtained by other agencies during any investigatory procedures including polygraphs, educational records, organizational memberships, past and present employment and attendance records including performance evaluations and disciplinary histories, or history, suitability or moral character.

I understand that these records will remain on file with the Training Division of the New London Police Department.

Applicant's Signature

Date

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME, A NOTARY PUBLIC FOR THE STATE OF

_____ ON THE _____ DAY

OF _____, 20_____.

SIGNATURE OF NOTARY: _____



**CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY
TO CARRY A FIREARM**

Name: _____

Address: _____

Street Address

City, State

Zip Code

- 1. I have separated from service in good standing with the New London Police Department, other than for reasons of mental instability. YES NO
- 2. Before such separation, I was authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and had statutory powers of arrest. YES NO
- 3. Before such separation, I served (A) as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 10 years or more; or (B) separated from service with such agency after completing any applicable probationary period of such service, due to a service-connected disability, as determined by such agency. YES NO
- 4. During the most recent 12-month period, I have met, at my expense, the standards for qualification in firearms training for active New London Police officers. YES NO
- 5. I have not been officially found by a qualified medical professional to be unqualified for reasons relating to mental health. YES NO

Retired/Separated Officers Signature

Date

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME, A NOTARY PUBLIC FOR THE STATE OF

_____ ON THE _____ DAY

OF _____, 20_____.

SIGNATURE OF NOTARY: _____

New London Police Department

Waiver and Release Form

I am a retired/separated from service officer from the New London Police Department who is eligible to carry a concealed firearm, pursuant to the Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004 (18 U.S. Code §926C).

I recognize that the New London Police Department is not legally required to provide me with a firearms qualification course or with firearms instruction.

I understand that to do so, I will be required to fire my weapon under the direct supervision of the New London Police Department POST certified firearms instructors.

I agree to indemnify and hold harmless the City of New London and the New London Police Department, or its agents and employees, for any injury caused by my participation in this qualification process. I further waive any claim for damages against the New London Police Department and the City of New London, or its agents and employees, for any injury suffered by me while participating in this qualification process.

I understand that I am not a sworn law enforcement officer, I am not an employee of the New London Police Department, and that I have no sworn Law Enforcement Officer powers or authority. I also understand that the New London Police Department, the City of New London or any of its employees or agents accept no responsibility or liability in any manner, and will not be responsible in any way, in any manner, or to any degree for any actions, or inactions I take, or fail to take, in any way.

I hereby specifically agree to indemnity and hold harmless the City of New London and the New London Police Department and/or its officers and employees, from any and all liability resulting from my carrying and/or use of any weapon allowed under the Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004, (18 U.S. Code §926C) including, but not limited to, civil litigation.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20__ .

Print Applicant Name

Applicant Signature

State of Connecticut)

County of)

ss.

On this the _____ day of _____, 20____, personally appeared before me, known to me to be the person

whose name subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged that (s)he executed the same for the purposes therein contained.

Notary Public

My commission Expires:

Applicant Name: _____

New London Police Department Retired Officers Application Review

Name: _____ DOB: _____
Height: _____ Weight: _____ Hair: _____ Eyes: _____
Phone number: _____
April 30th _____ May 1st _____

NEW LONDON POLICE DEPT. USE ONLY BELOW THIS LINE.

NEW APPLICANTS

REVIEWER: Please explain to the applicant that weapons may not be carried in such a manner as to cause alarm; that prudent judgment must always be displayed when transporting a firearm; remind the applicant that a firearm should always be considered “loaded” and safety precautions are paramount; review the laws against discharging firearms and the potential penalties for improper handling and use of same; finally, explain that complaint will result in the swift revocation of Retired Officer Firearms qualification under Federal Law H.R. 218, granted by the Chief of Police.

Recommend Approval Interviewer’s Title _____ Date: _____

Not Recommended for Approval Interviewer’s Signature: _____

TRAINING CERTIFICATION – ALL APPLICANTS

The above listed retired/separated police officer has fired a qualifying score of _____, on the Police Officers Standards and Training Council’s basic firearms qualification on the date of _____ and has met the standards established by this agency for firearms training.

POSTC Instructor: _____ Date: _____
(Signature)

Training Supervisor: _____ Date: _____
(Signature)

The above listed retired officer has been tested and has met the standards for training and qualification.

Chief of Police: _____ Date: _____

18 USC 926C

SECTION 1 SHORT TITLE

This Act may be cited as the `Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004

SEC. 2. EXEMPTION OF QUALIFIED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS FROM STATE LAWS

PROHIBITING THE CARRYING OF CONCEALED FIREARMS.

In General- Chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 926A the following:

Sec. 926B. Carrying of concealed firearms by qualified law enforcement officers

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law of any State or any political subdivision thereof, an individual who is a qualified law enforcement officer and who is carrying the identification required by subsection (d) may carry a concealed firearm that has been shipped or transported in interstate or foreign commerce, subject to subsection (b).

(b) This section shall not be construed to supersede or limit the laws of any State that—

- (1) permit private persons or entities to prohibit or restrict the possession of concealed firearms on their property; or
- (2) prohibit or restrict the possession of firearms on any State or local government property, installation, building, base, or park.

(c) As used in this section, the term `qualified law enforcement officer' means an employee of a governmental agency who—

- (1) is authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and has statutory powers of arrest;
- (2) is authorized by the agency to carry a firearm;
- (3) is not the subject of any disciplinary action by the agency;
- (4) meets standards, if any, established by the agency which require the employee to regularly qualify in the use of a firearm;
- (5) is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance; and
- (6) is not prohibited by Federal law from receiving a firearm.

(d) The identification required by this subsection is the photographic identification issued by the governmental agency for which the individual is employed as a law enforcement officer.

(e) As used in this section, the term `firearm' does not include—

- (1) any machinegun (as defined in section 5845 of the National Firearms Act);
- (2) any firearm silencer (as defined in section 921 of this title); and
- (3) any destructive device (as defined in section 921 of this title).'

SEC. 3. EXEMPTION OF QUALIFIED RETIRED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS FROM STATE LAWS PROHIBITING THE CARRYING OF CONCEALED FIREARMS.

(a) In General- Chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, is further amended by inserting after section 926B the following:

Sec. 926C. Carrying of concealed firearms by qualified retired law enforcement officers
Revised 10/2009

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law of any State or any political subdivision thereof, an individual who is a qualified retired law enforcement officer and who is carrying the identification required by subsection (d) may carry a concealed firearm that has been shipped or transported in interstate or foreign commerce, subject to subsection (b).

(b) This section shall not be construed to supersede or limit the laws of any State that—

- (1) permit private persons or entities to prohibit or restrict the possession of concealed firearms on their property; or
- (2) prohibit or restrict the possession of firearms on any State or local government property, installation, building, base, or park.

(c) As used in this section, the term 'qualified retired law enforcement officer' means an individual who—

- (1) retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a law enforcement officer, other than for reasons of mental instability;
- (2) before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and had statutory powers of arrest;
- (3) before such retirement, was regularly employed as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 10 years or more; or retired from service with such agency, after completing any applicable probationary period of such service, due to a service-connected disability, as determined by such agency;
- (3) has a non-forfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the agency; during the most recent 12-month period, has met, at the expense of the individual, the State's standards for training and qualification for active law enforcement officers to carry firearms;
- (4) is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance; and
- (5) is not prohibited by Federal law from receiving a firearm.

(d) The identification required by this subsection is—

- (1) a photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a law enforcement officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or
- (2) (a) a photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a law enforcement officer; and (B) a certification issued by the State in which the

individual resides that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the State to meet the standards established by the State for training and qualification for active law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.

(e) As used in this section, the term `firearm' does not include—

- (1) any machinegun (as defined in section 5845 of the National Firearms Act);
- (2) any firearm silencer (as defined in section 921 of this title); and
- (3) a destructive device (as defined in section 921 of this title)

General Statutes of Connecticut

Sec. 53a-18. Use of reasonable physical force or deadly physical force generally. The use of physical force upon another person which would otherwise constitute an offense is justifiable and not criminal under any of the following circumstances:

(1) A parent, guardian or other person entrusted with the care and supervision of a minor or an incompetent person, except a person entrusted with the care and supervision of a minor for school purposes as described in subdivision (6) of this section, may use reasonable physical force upon such minor or incompetent person when and to the extent that he reasonably believes such to be necessary to maintain discipline or to promote the welfare of such minor or incompetent person.

(2) An authorized official of a correctional institution or facility may, in order to maintain order and discipline, use such physical force as is reasonable and authorized by the rules and regulations of the Department of Correction.

(3) A person responsible for the maintenance of order in a common carrier of passengers, or a person acting under his direction, may use reasonable physical force when and to the extent that he reasonably believes such to be necessary to maintain order, but he may use deadly physical force only when he reasonably believes such to be necessary to prevent death or serious physical injury.

(4) A person acting under a reasonable belief that another person is about to commit suicide or to inflict serious physical injury upon himself may use reasonable physical force upon such person to the extent that he reasonably believes such to be necessary to thwart such result.

(5) A duly licensed physician or psychologist, or a person acting under his direction, may use reasonable physical force for the purpose of administering a recognized form of treatment which he reasonably believes to be adapted to promoting the physical or mental health of the patient, provided the treatment (A) is administered with the consent of the patient or, if the patient is a minor or an incompetent person, with the consent of his parent, guardian or other person entrusted with his care and supervision, or (B) is administered in an emergency when the

physician or psychologist reasonably believes that no one competent to consent can be consulted and that a reasonable person, wishing to safeguard the welfare of the patient, would consent.

(6) A teacher or other person entrusted with the care and supervision of a minor for school purposes may use reasonable physical force upon such minor when and to the extent he reasonably believes such to be necessary to (A) protect himself or others from immediate physical injury, (B) obtain possession of a dangerous instrument or controlled substance, as defined in subdivision (9) of section 21a-240, upon or within the control of such minor, (C) protect property from physical damage or (D) restrain such minor or remove such minor to another area, to maintain order.

Sec. 53a-19. Use of physical force in defense of person. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, a person is justified in using reasonable physical force upon another person to defend himself or a third person from what he reasonably believes to be the use or imminent use of physical force, and he may use such degree of force which he reasonably believes to be necessary for such purpose; except that deadly physical force may not be used unless the actor reasonably believes that such other person is (1) using or about to use deadly physical force, or (2) inflicting or about to inflict great bodily harm.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a person is not justified in using deadly physical force upon another person if he knows that he can avoid the necessity of using such force with complete safety (1) by retreating, except that the actor shall not be required to retreat if he is in his dwelling, as defined in section 53a-100, or place of work and was not the initial aggressor, or if he is a peace officer or a private person assisting such peace officer at his direction, and acting pursuant to section 53a-22, or (2) by surrendering possession of property to a person asserting a claim of right thereto, or (3) by complying with a demand that he abstain from performing an act which he is not obliged to perform.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a person is not justified in using physical force when (1) with intent to cause physical injury or death to another person, he provokes the use of physical force by such other person, or (2) he is the initial aggressor, except that his use of physical force upon another person under such circumstances is justifiable if he withdraws from the encounter and effectively communicates to such other person his intent to do so, but such other person notwithstanding continues or threatens the use of physical force, or (3) the physical force involved was the product of a combat by agreement not specifically authorized by law.

Sec. 53a-20. Use of physical force in defense of premises. A person in possession or control of premises, or a person who is licensed or privileged to be in or upon such premises, is justified in using reasonable physical force upon another person when and to the extent that he reasonably believes such to be necessary to prevent or terminate the commission or attempted commission of a criminal trespass by such other person in or upon such premises; but he may use deadly physical force under such circumstances only (1) in defense of a person as prescribed in section 53a-19, or (2) when he reasonably believes such to be necessary to prevent an attempt by the trespasser to commit arson or any crime of violence, or (3) to the extent that he reasonably believes such to be necessary to prevent or terminate an unlawful entry by force into his dwelling

as defined in section 53a-100, or place of work, and for the sole purpose of such prevention or termination.

Sec. 53a-21. Use of physical force in defense of property. A person is justified in using reasonable physical force upon another person when and to the extent that he reasonably believes such to be necessary to prevent an attempt by such other person to commit larceny or criminal mischief involving property, or when and to the extent he reasonably believes such to be necessary to regain property which he reasonably believes to have been acquired by larceny within a reasonable time prior to the use of such force; but he may use deadly physical force under such circumstances only in defense of person as prescribed in section 53a-19.

Sec. 53a-23. Use of physical force to resist arrest not justified. A person is not justified in using physical force to resist an arrest by a reasonably identifiable peace officer, whether such arrest is legal or illegal.

Sec. 29-27. "Pistol" and "revolver" defined. The term "pistol" and the term "revolver", as used in sections 29-28 to 29-38, inclusive, mean any firearm having a barrel less than twelve inches in length.

Sec. 29-36k. Transfer or surrender of pistols or revolver by person ineligible to possess same. (a) Not later than two business days after the occurrence of any event that makes a person ineligible to possess a pistol or revolver, such person shall (1) transfer in accordance with section 29-33 all pistols and revolvers which he then possesses to any person eligible to possess a pistol or revolver or (2) deliver or surrender such pistols and revolvers to the Commissioner of Public Safety. The commissioner shall exercise due care in the receipt and holding of such pistols and revolvers.

(b) Such person, or his legal representative, may, at any time up to one year after such delivery or surrender, transfer such pistols and revolvers in accordance with the provisions of section 29-33 to any person eligible to possess a pistol or revolver. Upon notification in writing by the transferee and such person, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall within ten days deliver such pistols and revolvers to the transferee. If, at the end of such year, such pistols and revolvers have not been so transferred, the commissioner shall cause them to be destroyed.

Sec. 29-37i. (Formerly Sec. 29-37c). Responsibilities re storage of loaded firearms with respect to minors. No person shall store or keep any loaded firearm on any premises under his control if he knows or reasonably should know that a minor is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the parent or guardian of the minor unless such person (1) keeps the firearm in a securely locked box or other container or in a location which a reasonable person would believe to be secure or (2) carries the firearm on his person or within such close proximity thereto that he can readily retrieve and use it as if he carried it on his person. For the purposes of this section, "minor" means any person under the age of sixteen years.

Sec. 53-206d. Carrying of firearm while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drug prohibited. Class B misdemeanor. (a)(1) No person shall carry a pistol, revolver, machine gun, shotgun, rifle or other firearm, which is loaded and from which a shot may be discharged, upon

his person (A) while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or both, or (B) while the ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person is ten-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight.

Sec. 53a-217. Criminal possession of a firearm or electronic defense weapon: Class D felony. (a) A person is guilty of criminal possession of a firearm or electronic defense weapon when such person possesses a firearm or electronic defense weapon and (1) has been convicted of a felony, or (2) has been convicted as delinquent for the commission of a serious juvenile offense, as defined in section 46b-120. For the purposes of this section, "convicted," means having a judgment of conviction entered by a court of competent jurisdiction. (3) Knows that such person is subject to a restraining or protective order issued by a court, after notice and an opportunity to be heard has been provided to such person, in a case involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against another person, or (4) knows that such person is subject to a firearms seizure order issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section 29-38c after notice and an opportunity to be heard has been provided to such person. For the purposes of this section, "convicted," means having a judgment of conviction entered by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 53a-217b. Possession of a weapon on school grounds: Class D felony. (a) A person is guilty of possession of a weapon on school grounds when, knowing that he is not licensed or privileged to do so, he possesses a firearm or deadly weapon, as defined in section 53a-3, (1) in or on the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school or (2) at a school-sponsored activity as defined in subsection (h) of section 10-233a.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the otherwise lawful possession of a firearm (1) by a person for use in a program approved by school officials in or on such school property, (2) by a person in accordance with an agreement entered into between school officials and such person or such person's employer, (3) by a peace officer, as defined in subdivision (9) of section 53a-3, while engaged in the performance of his official duties, or (4) by a person while traversing such school property for the purpose of gaining access to public or private lands open to hunting or for other lawful purposes, provided such firearm is not loaded and the entry on such school property is permitted by the local or regional board of education.

Sec. 53a-217c. Criminal possession of a pistol or revolver: Class D felony. (a) A person is guilty of criminal possession of a pistol or revolver when such person possesses a pistol or revolver, as defined in section 29-27, and (1) has been convicted of a felony or of a violation of subsection (c) of section 21a-279, section 53a-58, 53a-61, 53a-61a, 53a-62, 53a-63, 53a-96, 53a-175, 53a-176, 53a-178 or 53a-181d, (2) has been convicted as delinquent for the commission of a serious juvenile offense, as defined in section 46b-120, (3) has been discharged from custody within the preceding twenty years after having been found not guilty of a crime by reason of mental disease or defect pursuant to section 53a-13, (4) has been confined in a hospital for persons with psychiatric disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495, within the preceding twelve months by order of a probate court, (5) knows that such person is subject to a restraining or protective order issued by a court, after notice and an opportunity to be heard has been provided to such person, in a case involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against another person, (6) knows that such person is subject to a firearms seizure order issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section 29-38c after notice and an opportunity to be heard has been

provided to such person, or (7) is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States. For the purposes of this section, "convicted" means having a judgment of conviction entered by a court of competent jurisdiction.